

Graphs of Sine and Cosine Functions

Name _____

Period _____ Group # _____

Determine the amplitude and period of each function.

1. $y = \sin 4x$

Amplitude = 1

Period = $2\pi/4 = \pi/2$

2. $y = \cos 5x$

Amplitude = 1

Period = $2\pi/5$

3. $y = \sin x$

Amplitude = 1

Period = 2π

4. $y = 4 \cos x$

Amplitude = 4

Period = 2π

5. $y = -2 \sin x$

Amplitude = 2

Period = 2π

6. $y = 2 \sin(-4x)$

Amplitude = 2

Period = $2\pi/4 = \pi/2$

7. $y = 3 \sin \frac{2}{3}x$

Amplitude = 3

Period = $2\pi/(2/3) = 3\pi$

8. $y = -4 \cos 5x$

Amplitude = 4

Period = $2\pi/5$

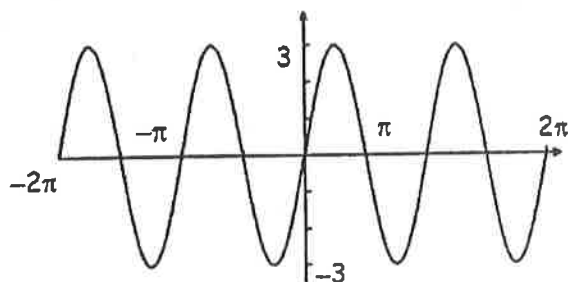
9. $y = 3 \cos(-2x)$

Amplitude = 3

Period = π

Give the amplitude and period of each function graphed below. Then write an equation of each graph.

10.

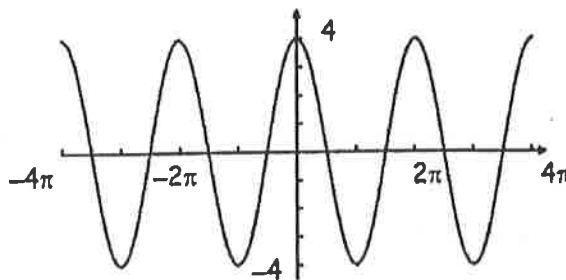


Amplitude = 3

Period = π

Equation: $y = 3 \sin 2x$

11.

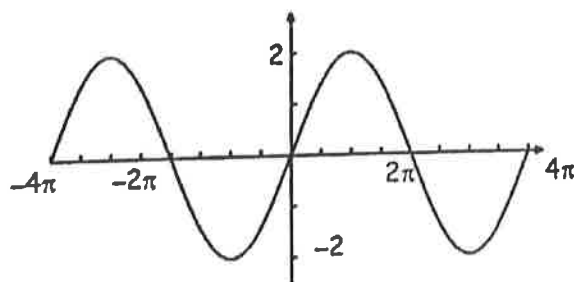


Amplitude = 4

Period = 2π

Equation: $y = 4 \cos x$

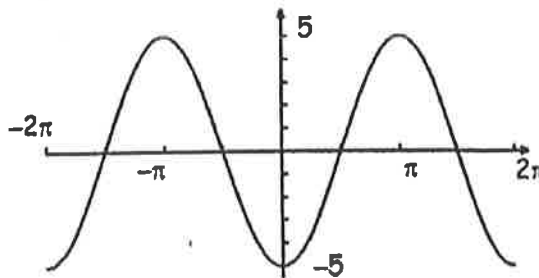
12.



Amplitude = 2

Period = 4π

Equation: $y = 2 \sin x/2$



Amplitude = 5

Period = 2π

Equation: $y = -5 \cos x$

Sine Applications Homework

1) The following table shows the number, in millions, of unemployed people in the labor force for 1984-1995.

| Year | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Unemp | 8.539 | 8.312 | 8.237 | 7.425 | 6.701 | 6.528 | 7.047 | 8.628 | 9.613 | 8.940 | 7.996 | 7.404 |

a) Enter the data in your calculator and get a scatter plot, with $x = 0$ corresponding to 1980. Does the data appear to be periodic?

Somewhat, the peak in 1992 does not fit well

b) Find a sine equation that models the data.

$$y = 1122.3 \sin(-0.64x - 2.79) + 7881.34$$

c) Do you think this model is likely to be accurate much beyond the year 1995? Why or why not?

No because the factors that affect unemployment do NOT vary in a consistent manner.

d) What is the period of the function?

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{B} = \frac{2\pi}{0.64} = 9.82$$

e) What is the average number of unemployed people and what part of the model did you use to find it?

$$d = 7,881$$

2) The table shows the average monthly precipitation in inches, in San Francisco, CA, based on data from 1961 to 1990.

| Month | Jan | Feb | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sept | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|---------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-----|------|------|--------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Precipitation | 4.4 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 3.1 |

a) Make a scatter plot of the data in your calculator. Does the data appear to be periodic?

Yes, although very flat in the summer months.

b) Use the sine regression feature on a calculator to find a sinusoidal model for the data.

$$y = 2.51 \sin(.41x + 1.79) + 2.26$$

c) What is the period of the function?

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{B} = \frac{2\pi}{.41} =$$

d) By how much does the precipitation vary in this period?

actual range 4.4 inches

$$\text{model range} = 2(2.51) = 5.02 \text{ inches}$$

3) At a county fair, the Ferris wheel has a diameter of 18m, and its centre is 11m above the ground. The wheel completes one revolution every 20s. At $t=0$ you are at the 3 o'clock position

a) Graph a rider's height above the ground, in meters, versus the time, in seconds, during a full revolution. *please see attached graph*

b) Determine the amplitude, period, phase shift, and vertical shift of this function.

$$a = 9 \text{ m}, \text{ period} = 20 \text{ sec}, \text{ phase shift} = 0 \\ \text{vertical shift} = 11 \text{ m}$$

c) Determine an equation that models the rider's height with respect to time.

$$y = 9 \sin \pi/10 t + 11 \text{ m}$$

d) How high will the rider be after 42 seconds? (Round to the nearest hundredth)

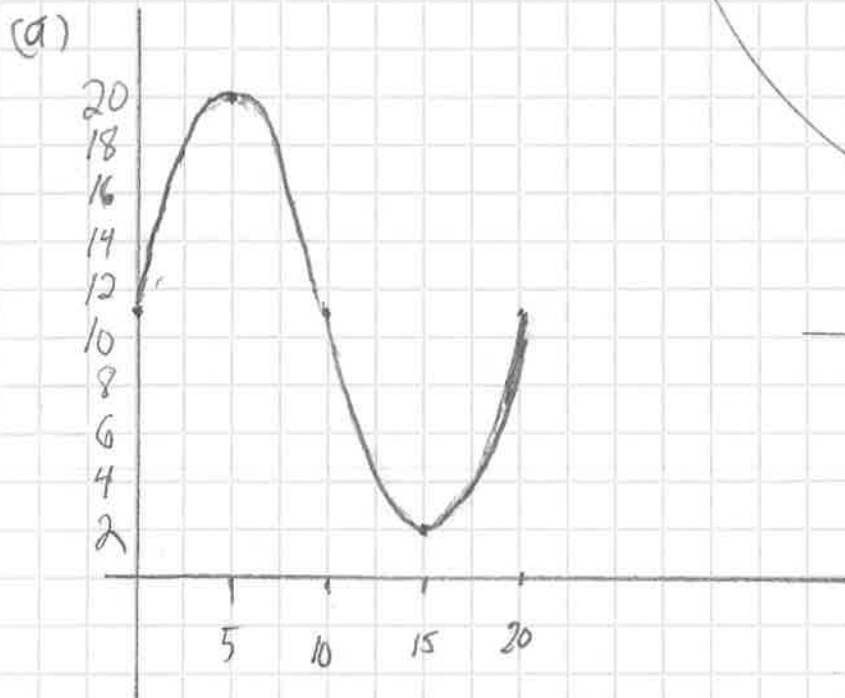
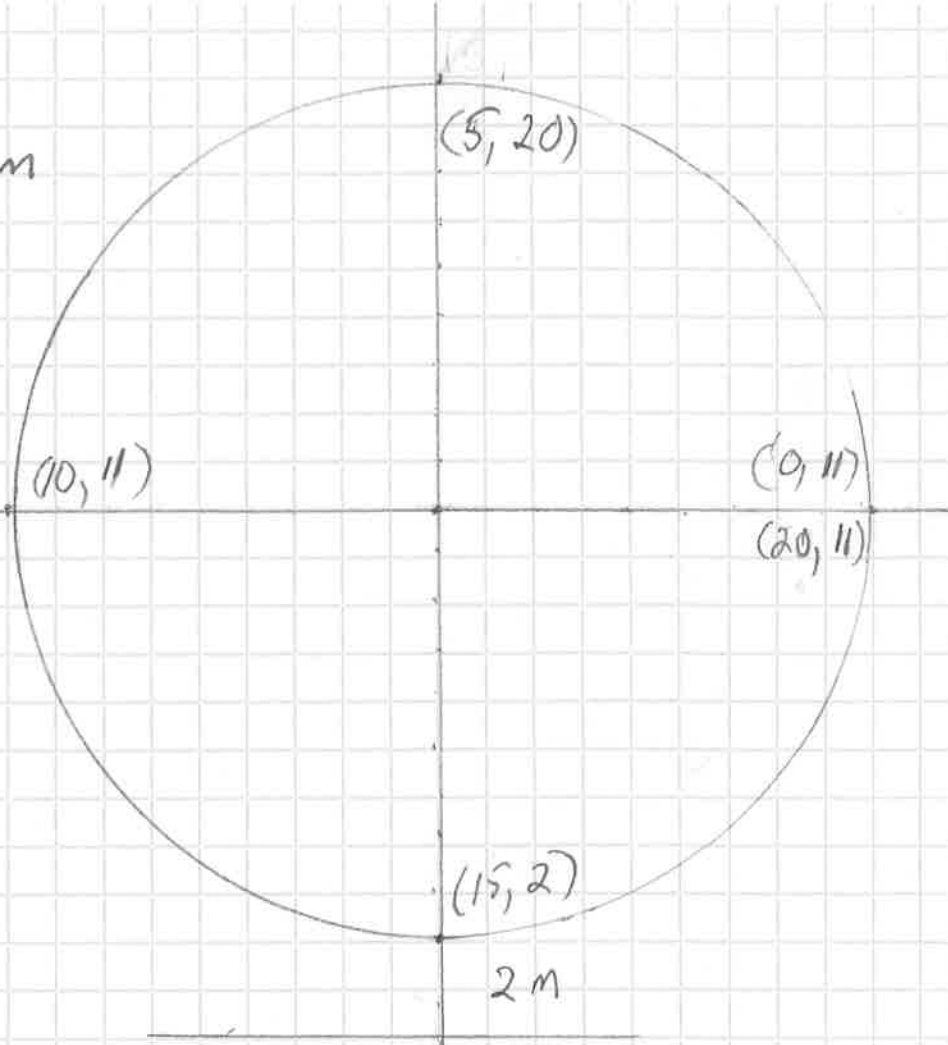
$$f(42) = 16.29 \text{ m}$$

$$d = 11 \text{ m} \quad a = 9 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Period} = 20 \text{ sec}$$

$$\tau = 0 \quad 3 \text{ o'clock}$$

$$B = \frac{2\pi}{20} = \frac{\pi}{10}$$



(b) $a = 9$, period 20 sec, phase shift = 0
vertical shift = 11

(c) $y = 9 \sin \frac{\pi}{10} t + 11$

(d) $f(42) = 9 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{10} \right) (42) + 11$

$$f(42) = 16.29 \text{ m}$$